

Søg om

**KONTANTHJÆLP TIL
STU**

Sådan gør du



Når du fylder 18 år, kan du søge om kontanthjælp, mens du er i STU.

Du skal booke tid til et møde med en sagsbehandler på [dette link til tidsbestilling](#)



Her snakker vi om, hvad du har **ret** til og **pligt** til når du får kontanthjælp på STU.

Du må godt have din mor og far eller en anden person med til mødet.

Når du er godkendt til kontanthjælpen får du en fast socialrådgiver hos UngeVejen.

Er du i tvivl om noget, kan du ringe til kommunen på 5620 3000 eller Helle Aasted Holm på 5620 2754.

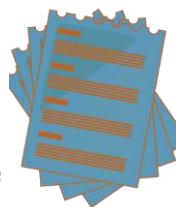
Efter mødet skal du sende mange papirer til os:

Når du har været til samtalen, skal du søge om uddannelseshjælpen på [dette link på borger.dk](#), og her fremsender du også de papirer, som vi skal have. Der er mange papirer, men de er vigtige for, at vi kan afgøre, om du har ret til kontanthjælp.

Hvis du har brug for hjælp til at udfylde skema, så kan du få hjælp, når du kommer til samtalen.

Du skal sende de her papirer digitalt

- Din afgørelse om bevilling af STU
- Nye kontoudtog fra alle dine bankkonti tre måneder tilbage
- Bevis for din formue. Formue er, hvor mange penge du har i banken, i bankboks, i spare-grisen eller andre steder. Det er også formue, hvis du ejer (eller er medejer af) et hus, et sommerhus, en bil eller en båd, eller har en ejer- eller andelsbolig, aktier, obligationer mm.
- Husk at din børneopsparing også er formue. Den skal du også vise os på et kontoudtog. Hvis din børneopsparing er bundet, skal du bevise, hvor længe
- Bevis for udgifter. Det vil sige husleje, egen-betaling og andre udgifter, du selv betaler - for eksempel el, vand, varme, forsikringer, telefon og den slags
- Bevis for diagnoser



the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major employer of women. In 1980, women made up 40% of the public sector workforce, and by 1995, this figure had risen to 50%. This increase in the number of women in the public sector has been a major factor in the overall increase in the number of women in the workforce.

The public sector has also become a major employer of people with disabilities. In 1980, people with disabilities made up 1% of the public sector workforce, and by 1995, this figure had risen to 3%. This increase in the number of people with disabilities in the public sector has been a major factor in the overall increase in the number of people with disabilities in the workforce.

The public sector has also become a major employer of people from ethnic minorities. In 1980, people from ethnic minorities made up 1% of the public sector workforce, and by 1995, this figure had risen to 3%. This increase in the number of people from ethnic minorities in the public sector has been a major factor in the overall increase in the number of people from ethnic minorities in the workforce.

The public sector has also become a major employer of people who are over 50 years old. In 1980, people over 50 years old made up 1% of the public sector workforce, and by 1995, this figure had risen to 3%. This increase in the number of people over 50 years old in the public sector has been a major factor in the overall increase in the number of people over 50 years old in the workforce.

The public sector has also become a major employer of people who are under 25 years old. In 1980, people under 25 years old made up 1% of the public sector workforce, and by 1995, this figure had risen to 3%. This increase in the number of people under 25 years old in the public sector has been a major factor in the overall increase in the number of people under 25 years old in the workforce.

The public sector has also become a major employer of people who are over 65 years old. In 1980, people over 65 years old made up 1% of the public sector workforce, and by 1995, this figure had risen to 3%. This increase in the number of people over 65 years old in the public sector has been a major factor in the overall increase in the number of people over 65 years old in the workforce.

The public sector has also become a major employer of people who are under 16 years old. In 1980, people under 16 years old made up 1% of the public sector workforce, and by 1995, this figure had risen to 3%. This increase in the number of people under 16 years old in the public sector has been a major factor in the overall increase in the number of people under 16 years old in the workforce.